



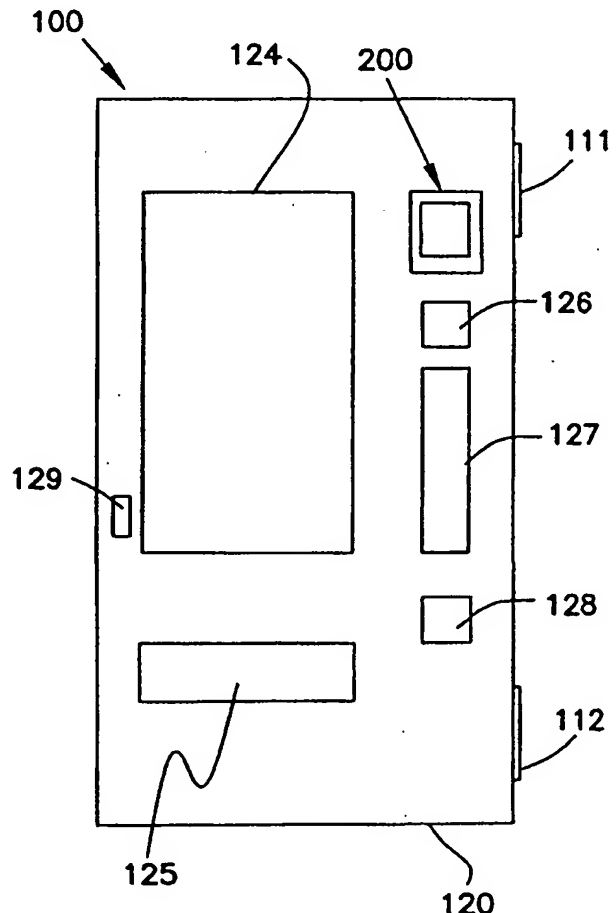
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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US97/20526 (22) International Filing Date: 30 October 1997 (30.10.97) (30) Priority Data: 08/741,571 31 October 1996 (31.10.96) US (71) Applicant: GROSS-GIVEN MANUFACTURING COMPANY [US/US]; 75 West Plato Boulevard, St. Paul, MN 55107 (US). (72) Inventors: LOTSPEICH, Joseph, A.; 2048 Charlton Ridge, West St. Paul, MN 55118 (US). MCMULLEN, Robert, L.; 621 Lemon Street North, Hudson, WI 54016 (US). (74) Agent: BRUESS, Steven, C.; Merchant, Gould, Smith, Edell, Welter & Schmidt, P.A., 3100 Norwest Center, 90 South Seventh Street, Minneapolis, MN 55402-4131 (US).		(81) Designated States: CN, JP, KR, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE). Published <i>With international search report.</i> <i>Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i>

(54) Title: **ADVERTISING DISPLAY PANEL**

(57) Abstract

A display (200) is releasably mounted on the outside of an enclosure (100). The display (200) may be released from the enclosure (100) upon gaining access to the inside of the vending machine (100). The sign (200) includes a rear panel (220), which is secured to the door (120) of the vending machine (100), and a front panel which is connected to the rear panel by means of a hinge. A fastener (252) on the front panel (240), disposed generally opposite the hinge (239), protrudes through a hole (232) in the rear panel (220) and into an opening (132) in the vending machine door (120). The relative sizes of the fastener (252) and the hole (232) are such that a portion of the fastener (252) snaps into place on the opposite side of the rear panel (220).



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ADVERTISING DISPLAY PANEL

Field of the Invention

This invention generally relates to an advertising display panel, and
5 more particularly to a point of sale advertising display panel for mounting on
securable panels such as on the front door panel of a vending machine.

Background of the invention

Hard copy advertising by means of billboards, display panels and the
10 like remains as one of the most effective widespread means for reaching and
influencing purchasers in close time-proximity to their purchasing decisions. Point
of sale display panels (i.e., those placed in close proximity to the item being
purchased, or at the location where a purchaser makes his or her actual final
purchase selection from a plurality of choices), have been found to be particularly
15 effective at conditioning a purchaser to select the product or service advertised on
the point of sale display. Point of sale advertising can be particularly effective when
strategically placed on a vending machine. A purchaser approaching a vending
machine is already committed to purchasing a product held by the machine. The
question is which one? Many purchasers do not make their final selection until the
20 last possible moment. For such purchasers, point of sale advertising placed on the
machine where the purchaser cannot help but see it, can effectively influence his/her
final selection.

Such point of sale displays must be aesthetically unobtrusive so as to
fit in with the decor of the item on which they are placed, yet be fairly tamper proof
25 so that their display contents cannot be changed by unauthorized personnel. They
should also be easy to operate so that advertising display pieces can be readily
changed or replaced when desired without undue complications. Such displays
should also preferably be of a construction that is adaptable for use in a large variety
of applications, and preferably accommodate easy retrofitting installation to varied
30 equipment or uses and for ready installation on machines which have not been
specifically designed to accommodate such displays.

The present invention provides a relatively inexpensive yet reliable
point of sale display panel that addresses the above needs and preferences. The
display panel of this invention is very simple in construction, aesthetically pleasing
35 and universally adaptable to varied applications, and enables ease of use with a high
tamper proof tolerance.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention provides a display panel and fastening system therefor. In a preferred embodiment, the display is mounted on the door of a vending machine. The preferred embodiment display includes a rear panel, which is
5 appropriately secured to the door by for example adhesive or screws; a front panel, which is secured to the rear panel by means of a hinge; and a window on the front panel, through which one can view a sheet disposed between the front panel and the rear panel. A latch on the front panel engages a catch on the rear panel to releasably
10 lock the former relative to the latter and enclose the sheet in between. The latch can be released only by gaining access to the opposite side of the rear panel, which is accessible only from the inside of the vending machine door. Thus, when the door is locked, the display cannot be opened and the sheet can be removed only by
authorized personnel having access to the inside of the vending machine. Many of the advantages of the present invention should become apparent from the more
15 detailed description that follows.

Brief Description of the Drawing

With reference to the Figures of the Drawing, wherein like numerals represent like parts and assemblies throughout the several views,

20 Figure 1 is a front view of a preferred embodiment vending machine constructed according to the principles of the present invention, shown in a closed configuration;

Figure 2 is a front view of the vending machine of Figure 1, shown with its door in an open configuration;

25 Figure 3 is a plan view of the display frame on the vending machine of Figure 1 illustrated in an open configuration;

Figure 4 is a plan view of a frame window for the display frame of Figure 3;

30 Figure 5 is a profile of one of the prongs of the display frame of Figure 3;

Figure 6 is a partial sectioned side view of a door on the vending machine of Figure 1, the frame of Figure 3, and the frame window of Figure 4, all shown together in an assembled state; and

35 Figure 7 is a partial sectioned side view of an alternative embodiment vending machine door and externally mounted sign.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

The display panel of this invention is particularly adapted for point of sale applications wherein it is desirable to give a purchaser a final suggestion before the purchaser makes his/her actual selection. The display panel is uniquely
5 configured for attachment to and use with a panel member such as a door or the like that can be secured such that the display panel can only be opened and accessed either from or through the back side of the panel. Since one of the most practical applications for the invention is in combination with the front door or panel of a vending machine, for providing point of sale advertising to a purchaser making
10 selections from the vending machine, the preferred embodiment of the invention will be described in association with a vending machine.

A preferred embodiment vending machine constructed according to the principles of the present invention is designated as 100 in Figures 1-2. The vending machine 100 could be of any type well known in the art, as for example, a
15 snack and/or beverage type of dispenser such as shown in U.S. patents 4,061,245 or Des. 316,728 or the Model LCM1 or Model 111 vending machines sold by Automatic Products International, Ltd. To the extent that the disclosures or teachings of U.S. patents 4,061,245 or Des. 316,728 are needed for a more complete understanding of the invention, they are herein incorporated by reference. The
20 vending machine 100 generally includes a base or main compartment 110 and a door 120 which cooperate to define a housing or enclosure. Hinges 111 and 112 interconnect one side of the door 120 to one side of the base 110, thereby allowing the former to pivot relative to the latter. A lock, including interengaging components 119 and 129, selectively interconnects an opposite side of the door 120
25 to an opposite side of the base 110, thereby selectively preventing the former from pivoting relative to the latter, and discouraging unauthorized access to the inside of the enclosure.

The vending machine 100 may store goods in rows, for example, in the region designated as 114. The goods may be visible through a window 124 on
30 the door 120. A mechanism known in the art functions to deliver individual units of the goods to a tray designated as 115. The tray 115 is accessible through a slot 125 in the door 120. A depository 126 accepts money, and a control panel 127 facilitates selection of a particular good for delivery to the tray 115. To the extent that the deposited money exceeds the price of the good, a mechanism known in the art
35 returns excess change to a receptacle 128.

The vending machine 100 also includes a sign or display 200, the components of which are shown in greater detail in Figures 3-6. In the preferred embodiment, the display 200 includes a rear panel 220, a front panel 240, and a

window 260, as well as fasteners suitable for mounting the rear panel 220 to the door 120.

The rear panel 220 includes a generally flat and rectangular sheet 221 of polypropylene having in the preferred embodiment a mean thickness of approximately one-tenth of an inch. Linear ridges or embossments 222 and 223 extend along opposite ends of the sheet 221. Relatively smaller ridges 228 extend intermittently along opposite sides and one end of the sheet 221 (inward of the ridge 222 on the end of the sheet 221 that is common to both).

In the preferred embodiment, holes 230 have frustoconical sidewalls and are formed through the rear panel 220 proximate each of the four corners thereof. Each hole 230 is sized and configured to receive the head of a fastener, such as a screw. Also, two rectangular slots 232 are formed through the sheet 221, proximate the ridge 223, for reasons discussed below.

A living hinge 239 connects an end of the front panel 240 to the end of the sheet 221 opposite the slots 232. In other words, the rear panel 220 and the front panel 240 may be said to be integrally molded together and/or pivotally secured relative to one another.

The front panel 240 includes a generally flat and rectangular frame 241 of polypropylene having a mean thickness of approximately one-tenth of an inch. The perimeter of the front panel 240 is similar in size and shape to that of the rear panel 220. Linear ridges or embossments 244 and 245 extend along opposite sides of the frame 241. When the front panel 240 is folded toward the rear panel 220 and into substantially parallel relationship therewith, the two panels 240 and 220 cooperate to form a parallelepiped housing bordered by the sheets 241 and 221, the end walls or ridges 222 and 223, and the side walls or ridges 244 and 245. The front panel 240 borders a rectangular opening 246 in the front face of the parallelepiped housing.

A plurality of posts or stakes 250 are disposed about the perimeter of the frame 241 and protrude rearward therefrom (toward the rear panel 240) for reasons discussed below. Also, two prongs or latches 252 are disposed at the end of the frame 241 opposite the hinge 239 and protrude rearward, as well. Both the prongs 252 and the posts 250 are integrally molded to the frame 241.

A profile of one of the prongs 252 is shown in Figure 5. Each prong 252 includes a relatively narrow stem 254 and a relatively larger head 255. The head 255 cooperates with the frame 241 and the stem 254 to define a notch 258 between the head 255 and the frame 241. An angled surface 256 is disposed on the head 255 and faces in the same general direction as the notch 258.

As the front panel 240 is folded toward the rear panel 220 and into substantially parallel relationship therewith, each of the angled surfaces 256 engages an edge of a respective slot 232, thereby causing a respective stem 254 to yieldingly bend. As either head 255 fully penetrates a respective slot 232, the notch 258
5 reaches the edge of the slot 232, and the resilience of the stem 254 biases the stem 254 and head 255 back toward their previous, unstressed orientation (extending perpendicular from the frame 241). In this manner, each of the heads 255 locks in place behind the rear panel 220. Each of the prongs 252 may be subsequently unlocked or unlatched simply by gaining access to the rear of the rear panel 220 and
10 pushing the heads 255 back into complete alignment with their respective slots 232 and out same.

The frame window 260 includes a generally flat and rectangular sheet 261 of acrylic having a mean thickness of approximately one-sixteenth of an inch. The perimeter of the frame window 260 is sized and shaped to lie within the
15 parallelepiped housing defined by the ridges 222 and 223 and the ridges 244 and 245, as well as the sheet 221 and the frame 241. A lip 267 extends about the entire perimeter of the sheet 261, thereby enhancing the structural integrity of the frame window 260 and also providing a structural border for a piece of cardboard or other sheet good to be displayed behind the window 260.

20 A plurality of holes 270 are formed through the sheet 261 about the perimeter thereof. The holes 270 correspond in number and arrangement with the posts 250 on the frame 241. Each of the holes 270 is surrounded by a cylindrical depression 271. The window 260 is secured to the frame 241 by inserting each post 250 through a respective hole 270 and then subjecting the posts 250 to heat (or some
25 other form of melting energy) until the tips of the posts 250 melt into tabs or buttons within the depressions 271. Once so secured, the window 260 may be described as a part of the front panel 240, and/or the front panel 240 may be described as having a window 260.

As shown in Figure 6, the display 200 may be secured to the vending
30 machine 100 by inserting fasteners through the holes 230 in the rear panel 220 and into holes 130 in door 120, and by forming an opening 132 in the door 120 to accommodate the prongs 252. Alternatively, the rear panel 220 could be secured to the vending machine door panel 120 by means other than such as fasteners by adhesive or by double-sided tape (not shown). Once the rear panel 220 is secured in
35 place on the door 120, a sheet good 290, such as a cardboard sign, may be disposed between the window 260 and the rear panel 220. The front panel 240 may then be pushed toward the rear panel 220 until the prongs 252 latch into place. The prongs

252 may then be unlatched only by gaining access to the inside of the door 120 and the heads 255 on the prongs 252.

The present invention has been described with reference to a preferred embodiment and a specific application. However, those skilled in the art will recognize additional embodiments and/or applications which nonetheless fall within the scope of the present invention. For example, alternative connectors, such as bolt and lock nut combinations or a cotter pin arrangement, could be used in lieu of the prongs 252. Further, the display panel and rear accessible connector means structure is not limited for use with vending machine door panels, but could be used with any type of panel wherein a rear-activation arrangement is desirable.

One alternative embodiment of the present invention is designated as 300 in Figure 7. The alternative embodiment display 300 includes a front panel 340 and a window 360, each of which is similar in many respects to its respective counterpart on the preferred embodiment 100. Since there is no rear panel on the alternative embodiment 300, the front panel 340 includes a ridge or embossment 349 extending entirely about its perimeter. Also, the prongs 352 function to secure both the front panel 340 and the entire display 300 relative to the vending machine door 120'. Thus, additional prongs 352 (not shown) are disposed at the opposite end of the front panel 340 in lieu of the hinge 239 on the preferred embodiment 100.

Relatively smaller holes 130' are formed in the door 120' to receive the heads of the prongs 352. Relatively larger openings 132' are formed in the door 120' to accommodate the heads of the prongs 352. The openings 132' also provide access sufficient to facilitate unlatching of the prongs 352 from the inside of the door 120'.

The principles of the present invention could also be applied to items other than vending machines. In this regard, the present invention may be seen to provide a display fastening system suitable for use relative to all sorts of enclosures and/or lockable doors or panels. Accordingly, the scope of protection to be afforded the present invention is to be limited only to the extent of the claims which follow.

WHAT IS CLAIMED:

1. A vending machine, comprising:
a base;
a door movable relative to the base between an open position and a
5 closed position, wherein the door has an inside which is accessible when the door
occupies the open position but inaccessible when the door occupies the closed
position, and the door has an outside which is visible when the door occupies the
closed position;
a display mounted on the outside of the door in such a manner that
10 the display is releasable from the door only upon access to the inside thereof; and
a lock interconnected between the door and the base to limit access to
the inside of the door.
2. The vending machine of claim 1, wherein at least one hinge is
15 interconnected between the door and the base.
3. The vending machine of claim 1, wherein the display includes at least
one latch extending from outside the door to inside the door and releasably engaging
the door.
20
4. The vending machine of claim 3, wherein the latch is biased into
engagement with the door.
5. The vending machine of claim 4, wherein the latch is resiliently
25 biased into engagement with the door.
6. The vending machine of claim 3, wherein the display includes a front
panel and a rear panel, and the at least one latch is disposed on the front panel.
- 30 7. The vending machine of claim 6, wherein fasteners extend through
the rear panel and into the door.
8. The vending machine of claim 6, wherein when the latch is engaged
with the door, the front panel is movable relative to the rear panel only upon access
35 to the inside of the door.
9. The vending machine of claim 8, wherein the display further includes
a sheet disposed between the front panel and the rear panel.

10. The vending machine of claim 9, wherein the display further includes a window disposed between the front panel and the sheet.

11. The vending machine of claim 10, wherein fasteners extend through
5 the rear panel and into the door.

12. The vending machine of claim 1, wherein the display includes a front panel, and a latch is interconnected between the front panel and the door, and the latch is releasable only upon access to the inside of the door.
10

13. The vending machine of claim 12, wherein the latch and the front panel are integrally molded to one another and made of a resilient material.

14. The vending machine of claim 12, wherein the display further
15 includes a window disposed between the front panel and the door, and a sheet disposed between the window and the door.

15. The vending machine of claim 12, wherein the display further includes a rear panel, and the rear panel is rigidly secured to the door, and the front
20 panel is releasably latched to the rear panel.

16. A vending machine, comprising:
an enclosure;
a rear panel mounted on the enclosure, wherein the rear panel has a
25 first side which faces toward the enclosure and a second side which faces away from the enclosure;
a first means, connected to at least one of the rear panel and the enclosure, for providing selective access to the first side of the rear panel;
a front panel overlying at least a portion of the second side of the rear
30 panel; and
a second means, connected to at least one of the front panel and the rear panel, for releasably securing the front panel to the rear panel, wherein the second means may be released only by gaining access to the first side of the rear panel.
35

17. The vending machine of claim 16, wherein the first means includes a door on the enclosure.

18. The vending machine of claim 17, wherein the rear panel is mounted on the door.

19. The vending machine of claim 16, wherein the second means
5 includes a latch interconnected between the front panel and the rear panel.

20. The vending machine of claim 16, further comprising a window disposed between the front panel and the rear panel, and a sheet disposed between the window and the rear panel.
10

21. A method of securing a display to a vending machine, comprising the steps of:
providing a door on the vending machine;
forming a hole through the door;
15 opening the display;
disposing a sheet within the display;
providing a catch on the display;
closing the display in such a manner that the catch is accessible only from inside the vending machine; and
20 locking the door to discourage unauthorized access to the catch.

22. The method of claim 21, further comprising the steps of providing a rear panel on the display, and rigidly securing the rear panel to the door.

23. The method of claim 22, further comprising the steps of providing a front panel on the display, and interconnecting a hinge between the front panel and the rear panel.
25

24. A display for use relative to a panel having a front side, a rear side, and at least one opening extending from the front side to the rear side, comprising:
30 a rear member adapted to be secured to the front side of the panel;
a front member; and
a latch selectively interconnected between the front member and the rear member and releasable only upon gaining access to the opening from the rear
35 side of the panel.

25. The display of claim 21, further comprising a sheet member disposed between the front member and the rear member.

26. The display of claim 21, wherein the front member includes a transparent window.

27. The display of claim 21, wherein the latch is integrally connected to
5 the front member and selectively protrudes through a hole in the rear member and into the opening in the panel.

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FIG. 2

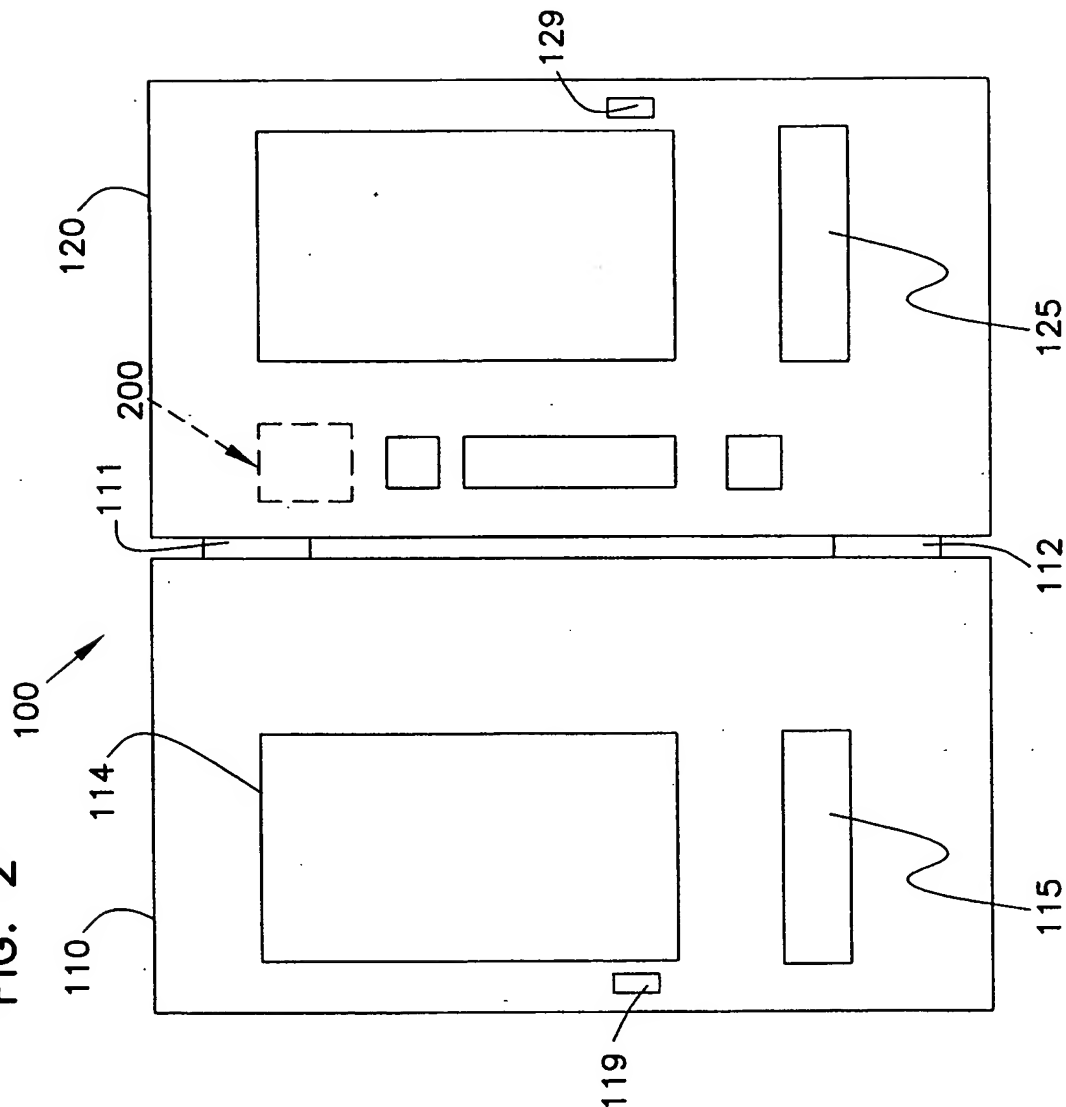
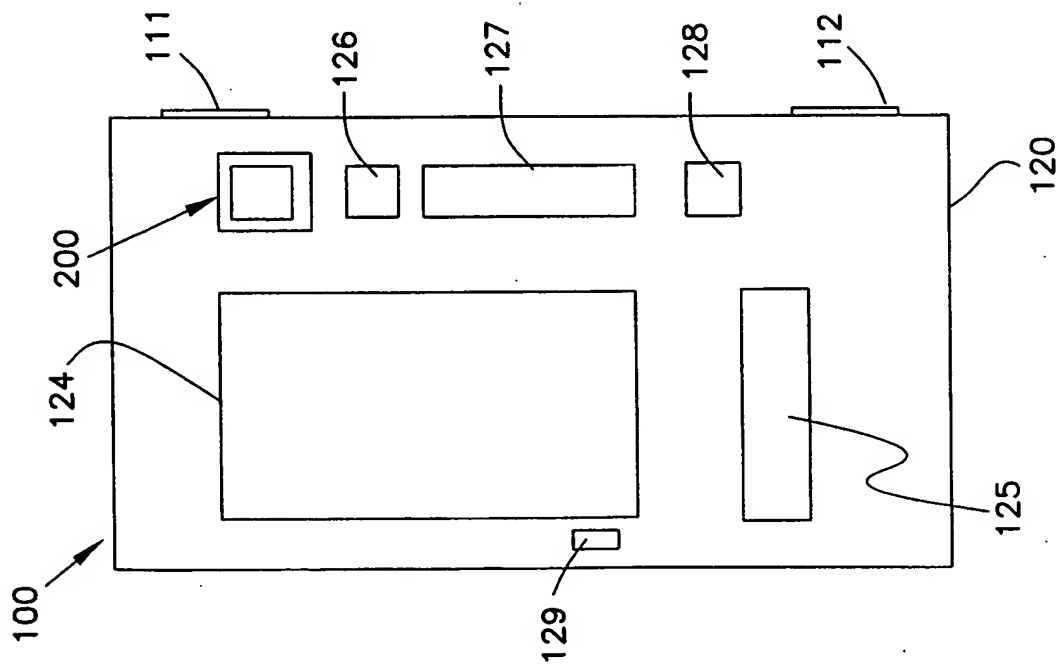


FIG. 1



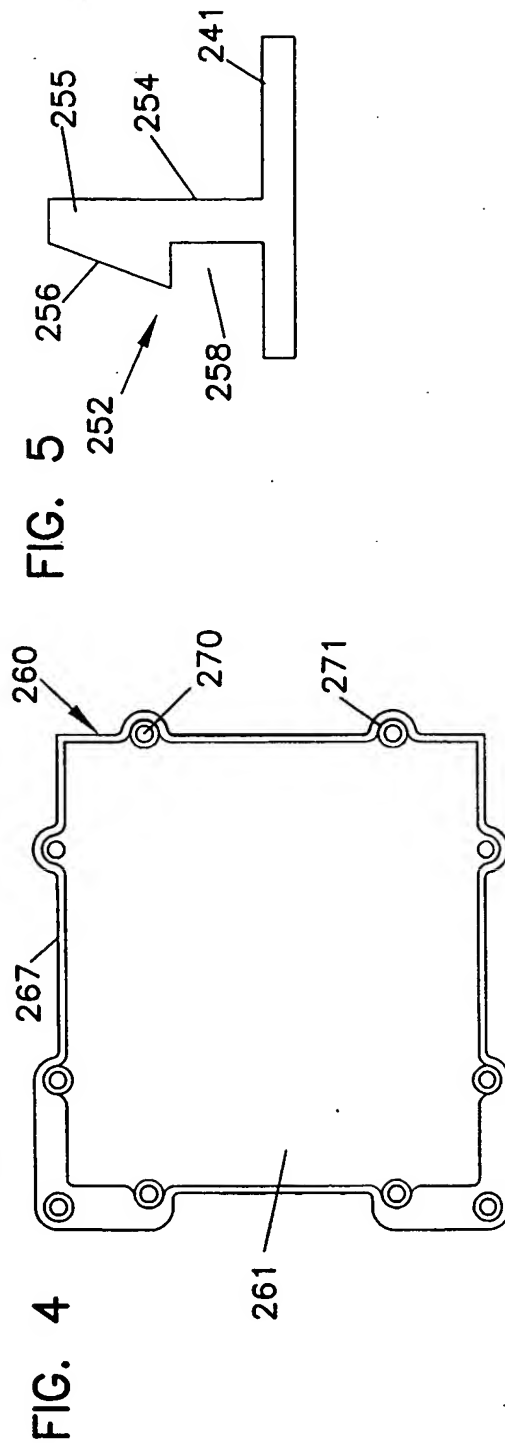
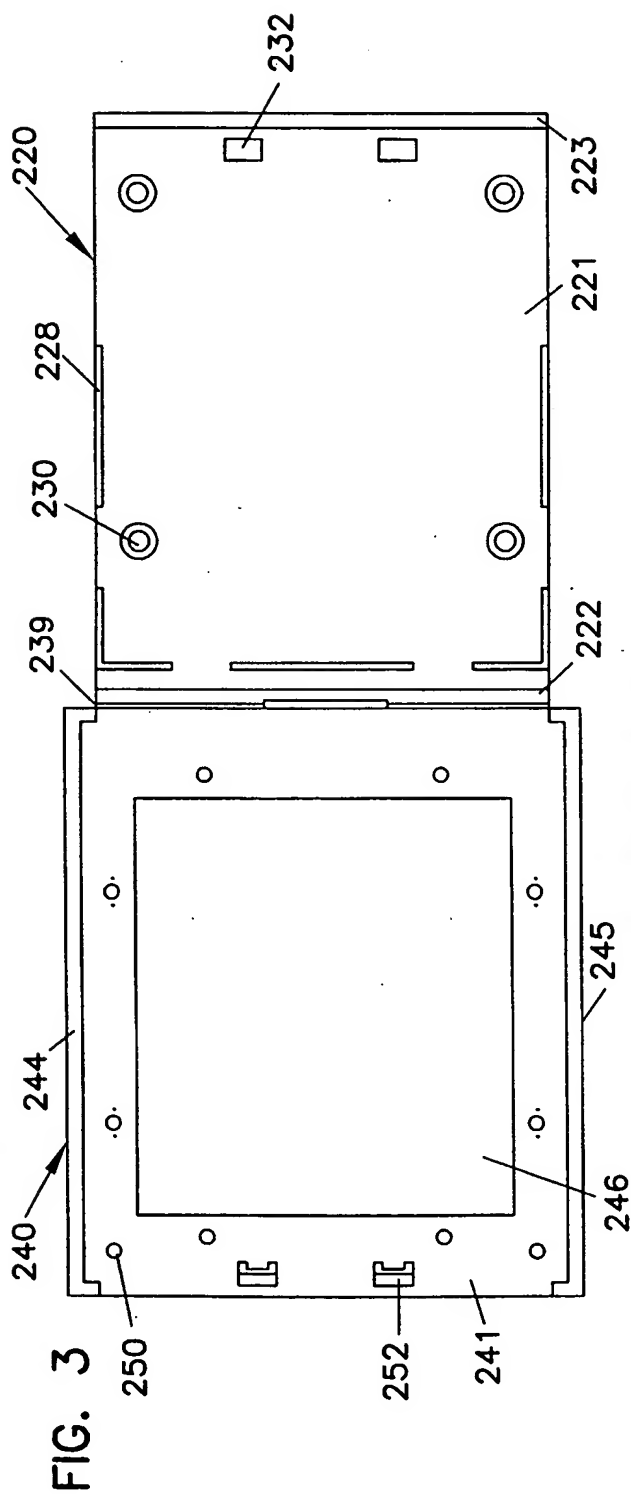


FIG. 7

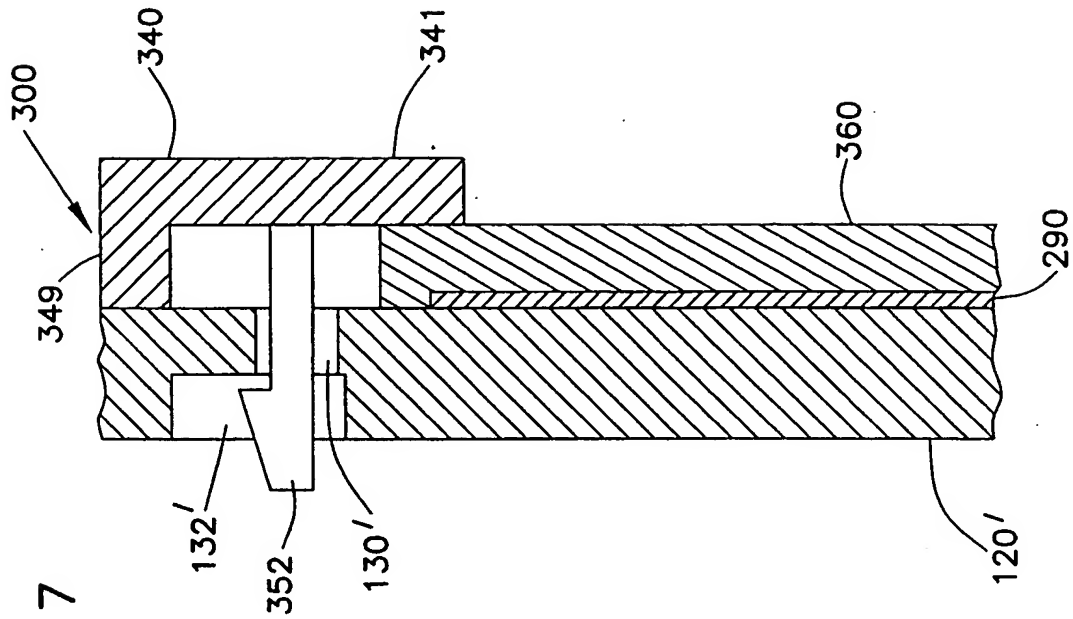
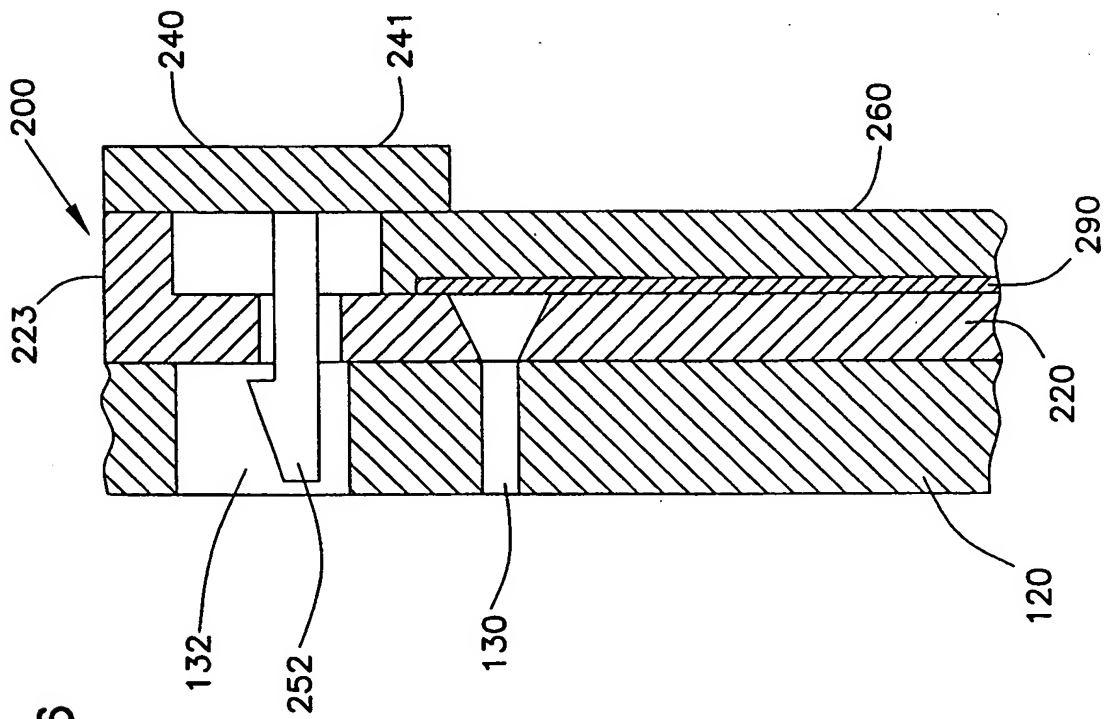


FIG. 6



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US97/20526

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(6) : A47B 97/00; G09F 7/02

US CL : 312/204,234.3; 40/611,661.06

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 312/204,234.3,138.1,234,265.6,326; 40/611,661.06,575,308,642.02

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched
NONEElectronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)
NONE

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 4,320,933 A (FELIX ET AL.) 23 MARCH 1982 (23/03/82), see figures 1-5.	1 and 2
X	US 3,793,756 A (KAY ET AL.) 26 FEBRUARY 1974 (26/02/74), see figures 1-5.	1 and 2
X	US 4,765,074 A (LOOS) 23 AUGUST 1988 (23/08/88), see figures 1-4.	16-26
X	US 5,392,548 A (TRUC ET AL.) 28 FEBRUARY 1995 (28/02/95), see figures 1 and 3.	24-27
X,P	US 4,001,957 A (de LIMA CASTRO) 11 JANUARY 1997 (11/01/97), see figures 1-7.	24-27
X	US 3,934,367 A (PHILIPP) 27 JANUARY 1976 (27/01/76), see	24-27

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
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C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 3,934,367 A (PHILIPP) 27 JANUARY 1976 (27/01/76), see figures 1-5.	24-27